Signature

CSE 11 Name _____ Quiz 2 Fall 2012 Student ID _____

cs11f____

7. =

This quiz is to be taken **<u>by yourself</u>** with closed books, closed notes, no calculators.

(Partial) Operator Precedence Table	
Operators	Associativity
0/	left to might

*	/	%		left to right
+	-			left to right
<	<=	>	>=	left to right
==	!=			left to right
&&				left to right
				left to right
=				right to left

1) What are the values of x, y, z (left) and a, b, c (right) after the following code segments are executed?

int $x = 6, y = 3,$	z = 0;		
<pre>if (x > 5 y z = ++x + y; else z = x++ +y;</pre>	7++ > 3)		
x =		I	

int $a = 8$, $b = 5$, $c = 0$;
if (++a <= 8 && b >= 4) c = a++ +b;
else c = ++a + b;

а	=	
b	=	
С	=	

2) What is the equivalent Java expression for the following expression such that no ! operators are used?

!(x < 17 && y >= 3)

3) Using only the statements below, select the order of the statements to draw a T such that the width of the T is size pixels and the height of the T is twice size pixels. Do not worry about where it is drawing. Assume the turtle is pointing up when the method is called and is positioned at the upper left corner of where we want to draw the T. Start drawing the T at the upper left corner of the T. Have the turtle end at the bottom of the T.

Write the letter corresponding to each statement in the correct order to draw a T. Do it in exactly 5 statements.

A)	this.forward(2 * size);
B)	this.forward(size);
C)	this.turn(90); // turn right
D)	this.forward(-(size/2));
E)	this.forward(size/2);

public {	void	drawT(int	size)
	-				
	_				
	-				
	_				
}	_				

4) Assume a program had the following definitions (Point has an x and a y value with proper equals() defined):

```
Point p1 = new Point( 37, 23 );
Point p2 = new Point( p1 );
Point p3 = p2;
```

What results would be produced by evaluating the following expressions (left to right; top to bottom)?

p1 == p2	p1 == p3	p2 == p3
pl.equals(p2)	p1.equals(p3)	p2.equals(p3)
<pre>pl.translate(1, 1); // Add 1 to</pre>	the x and y coordinates in the Po	int object ref'ed by pl
pl.equals(p2)	pl.equals(p3)	p2.equals(p3)
p2.translate(1, 1); // Add 1 to	the x and y coordinates in the Po	int object ref'ed by p2
pl.equals(p2)	p1.equals(p3)	p2.equals(p3)
p3.translate(1, 1); // Add 1 to	the x and y coordinates in the Po	int object ref'ed by p3
p1.equals(p2)	p1.equals(p3)	p2.equals(p3)

5) What output is produced with the following code fragment? Assume method1 () is invoked as

```
Quiz2 q2 = new Quiz2();
q2.method1( 11 );
```

```
public class Quiz2
{
                                 // Line 3
 private int a;
  public void method1( int x )
  {
                                  // Line 7
    int a;
                                                What is the initial value of a on Line 7?
    int b = x;
    a = b \% 5;
                                                What is the initial value of a on Line 3?
    this.a = b / 3;
    System.out.println( "a = " + a );
    System.out.println( "b = " + b );
    System.out.println( "this.a = " + this.a );
    System.out.println( "method2() result = " + method2( x ) );
    System.out.println( "a = " + a );
    System.out.println( "b = " + b );
    System.out.println( "this.a = " + this.a ); }
                                                         Output:
  private int method2( int x )
  {
                                                         a =
    int a = x;
    int b = this.a;
                                                         b =
                                                         this.a = ____
    b = b * 2;
                                                         a =
    System.out.println( "a = " + a );
                                                         b = ____
    System.out.println( "b = " + b );
                                                         this.a =
    System.out.println( "this.a = " + this.a );
                                                         method2() result =
    this.a = b + 3;
                                                         a =
                                                         b = ____
    return a + 3;
  }
                                                         this.a =
}
```